



SPECIAL RELEASE

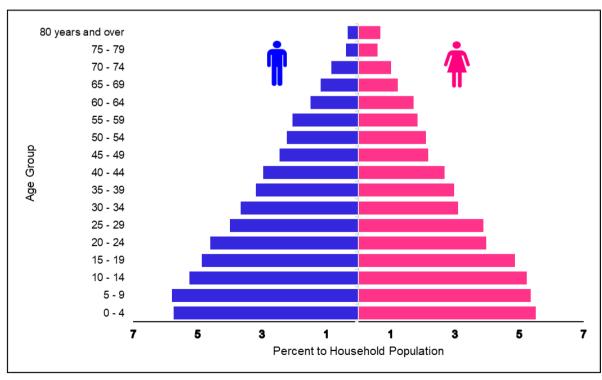
Age and Sex Distribution in the Municipality of Tolosa (2020 Census of Population and Housing)

Date of Release: 28 May 2025 Reference No.: 25SR0837-045

The municipality of Tolosa, Leyte had a total population of 20,708 persons based on the 2020 Census of Population and Housing (2020 CPH). The household population of 20,693 persons comprised 99.9 percent of the total population recorded as of the time of census-taking.

Of the 20,693 household population in Tolosa, Leyte, 10,559 (51.0%) were males while 10,134 (48.9%) were females. By age group, 6,810 (32.9%) were under 15 years of age (young dependents). On the other hand, persons aged 15 to 64 years (working-age or economically-active population) totaled to 12,586 (60.8%) while those in age groups 65 years and over (old dependents) comprised the remaining 1,297 (6.3%). In 2015, persons aged 0 to 14 years, 15 to 64 years, and 65 years and over accounted for 33.8 percent, 60.6 percent, and 5.6 percent, respectively, of the household population.

Figure 1. Age-Sex Population Pyramid of Tolosa, Leyte: 2020



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Moreover, there were more males (46.8%) than females (43.7%) among the 0 to 59 age group. However, among the older age group (60 years and over), females (5.2%) outnumbered the males (4.2%). The same trend was also observed in 2015.

Sex ratio stands at 104 males per 100 females

The sex ratio in Tolosa, Leyte was computed at 104 in 2020. This means that there were 104 males for every 100 females. Likewise, the sex ratio in 2015 was at 104 males per 100 females.

In 2020, children aged below 15 years had a sex ratio of 104 males per 100 females. Moreover, those aged 15 to 64 years had a sex ratio of 107 males per 100 females. On the other hand, among those aged 65 years and over, the sex ratio was 78 males per 100 females. This depicts a longer life expectancy among females than males or a higher mortality rate among males than females in the older age groups.

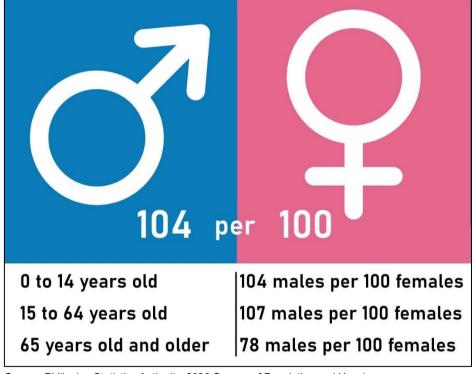


Figure 2. Sex Ratio by Selected Age Group, Tolosa, Leyte: 2020

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

There were more males than females in children under five years old

The sex ratio for children under five years old in 2020 was 104 males per 100 females, higher than the 2015 ratio of 100 males per 100 females. Additionally, children under five comprised 11.3 percent (2,331 persons) of the household population in 2020, a decrease from 11.9 percent (2,490 persons) in 2015.

Table 1. Number and Percent to All Ages of Household Population and Sex by Age Group, Tolosa, Leyte: 2020 and 2015

Age Group and Year	Number			Percent to All Ages			Cay Datia
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Sex Ratio
<u>2020</u>							
All Ages	20,693	10,559	10,134	100.0	100.0	100.0	104
0 - 4	2,331	1,190	1,141	11.3	11.3	11.3	104
5 - 9	2,307	1,199	1,108	11.1	11.4	10.9	108
10 - 14	2,172	1,088	1,084	10.5	10.3	10.7	100
15 - 19	2,013	1,006	1,007	9.7	9.5	9.9	100
20 - 24	1,774	953	821	8.6	9.0	8.1	116
25 - 29	1,633	827	806	7.9	7.8	8.0	103
30 - 34	1,401	758	643	6.8	7.2	6.3	118
35 - 39	1,276	659	617	6.2	6.2	6.1	107
40 - 44	1,167	613	554	5.6	5.8	5.5	111
45 - 49	956	506	450	4.6	4.8	4.4	112
50 - 54	896	460	436	4.3	4.4	4.3	106
55 - 59	805	424	381	3.9	4.0	3.8	111
60 - 64	665	308	357	3.2	2.9	3.5	86
65 - 69	496	243	253	2.4	2.3	2.5	96
70 - 74	386	175	211	1.9	1.7	2.1	83
75 - 79	206	81	125	1.0	0.8	1.2	65
80 years and over	209	69	140	1.0	0.7	1.4	49
2045							
2015	20.070	10.005	40.000	100.0	100.0	100.0	101
All Ages	20,978	10,685	10,293	100.0	100.0	100.0	104
0-4	2,490	1,242	1,248	11.9	11.6	12.1	100
5 - 9	2,358	1,204	1,154	11.2	11.3	11.2	104
10 - 14	2,239	1,130	1,109	10.7	10.6	10.8	102
15 - 19	2,172	1,137	1,035	10.4	10.6	10.1	110
20 - 24	1,977	1,045	932	9.4	9.8	9.1	112
25 - 29	1,636	862	774	7.8	8.1	7.5	111
30 - 34	1,410	749	661	6.7	7.0	6.4	113
35 - 39	1,272	670	602	6.1	6.3	5.8	111
40 - 44	1,060	568	492	5.1	5.3	4.8	115
45 - 49	989	505	484	4.7	4.7	4.7	104
50 - 54	886	458	428	4.2	4.3	4.2	107
55 - 59	751	369	382	3.6	3.5	3.7	97
60 - 64	558	272	286	2.7	2.5	2.8	95
65 - 69	471	220	251	2.2	2.1	2.4	88
70 - 74	301	129	172	1.4	1.2	1.7	75
75 - 79	204	67	137	1.0	0.6	1.3	49
80 years and over	204	58	146	1.0	0.5	1.4	40

Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population Note: Details may not add up to total due to rounding

Median age measures at 23.4 years

The median age of Tolosa, Leyte household population continues to increase during the past three censuses. In 2020, the median age was computed at 23.4 years, which means that half of the household population was younger than 23.4 years, while the other half is older than 23.4 years. This is higher than the median ages of 22.5 and 21.6 years that was posted in 2015 and 2010, respectively.

23.4
years
2020
2015
21.6
years
2010

Figure 3. Median Age, Tolosa, Leyte: 2010, 2015, and 2020

Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2010 and 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population

Dependency ratio decreases at 64 dependents per 100 persons in the workingage group

The 2020 overall dependency ratio of Tolosa, Leyte was computed at 64, which indicates that for every 100 working-age or economically-active population, there were about 64 dependents (54 young dependents and 10 old dependents). Meanwhile, the dependency ratio in 2015 was at 65 dependents per 100 working-age population (56 young dependents and 9 old dependents).

Table 2. Age dependency Ratio of the Household Population by Sex, Tolosa, Leyte: 2015 and 2020

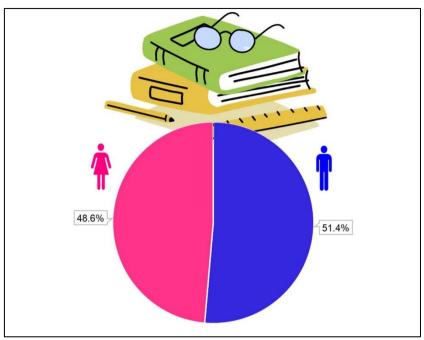
Dependency		2020		2015			
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	
Overall	64	62	67	65	61	69	
Young	54	53	55	56	54	58	
Old	10	9	12	9	7	12	

Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population Note: Details may not add up to total due to rounding

Two in every five household population are of school age

In 2020, the school-age population (5 to 24 years old) accounted for 8,266 (39.9%) of the household population which is lower compared to the 8,746 (41.7%) school-age population that was reported in 2015. Moreover, there were more males (51.4%) than females (48.6%) of the school-age population in 2020.

Figure 4. Percentage Distribution of School-age Population 5 to 24 Years Old by Sex, Tolosa, Leyte: 2020

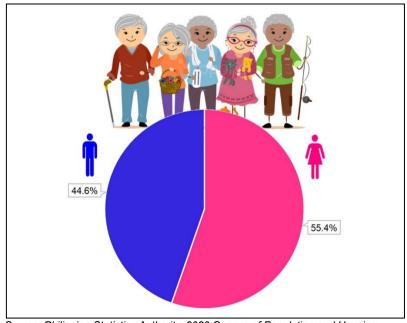


Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Senior citizens accounts for 9.5 percent of the household population

In Tolosa, Leyte, people aged 60 years old and over are regarded as senior citizens, made up 9.5 percent (1,962 persons) of the household population in 2020, higher than the 8.3 percent (1,738 persons) recorded in 2015. There were more females (55.4%) than males (44.6%) among the senior citizens in 2020. The same trend was observed in 2015.

Figure 5. Percentage Distribution of Senior Citizens by Sex, Tolosa, Leyte: 2020



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Nearly half of the female population are of reproductive age

Women of reproductive age (15 to 49 years old) totaled to 4,898 or 48.3 percent of the 10,134 female household population in 2020. This percentage was lower compared to the 48.4 percent or 4,980 females posted in 2015.

50 years and over 18.8% 48.3% 15-49 years 32.9%

Figure 6. Percentage Distribution of Women by Selected Age Group, Tolosa, Leyte: 2020

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

0-14 years

Aging index is higher by 4.3 percentage points from 24.5 in 2015 to 28.8 in 2020

In Tolosa, Leyte, the aging index or the proportion of persons aged 60 years and over per 100 persons under the age of 15 years was computed at 28.8 percent in 2020. This means that there is about one (1) person aged 60 years and over for every four (4) children under 15 years old. The aging index was lower in 2015 at 24.5 percent.

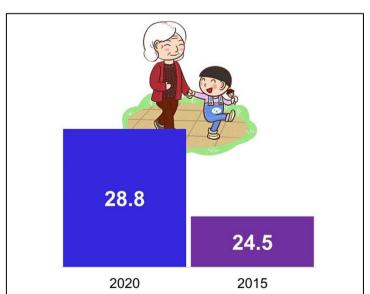


Figure 7. Aging Index, Tolosa, Leyte: 2020 and 2015

Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population



TECHNICAL NOTES

The Philippine Statistics Authority conducted the 2020 Census of Population and Housing (2020 CPH) in September 2020, with 01 May 2020 as reference date.

The 2020 CPH was the 15th census of population and 7th census of housing that was undertaken in the Philippines since the first census in 1903. It was designed to take inventory of the total population and housing units in the country and collect information about their characteristics.

The Philippine Standard Geographic Codes as of April 2022 was used for the disaggregation of geographic levels of the 2020 CPH.

Age refers to the interval of time between the person's date of birth and his/her last birthday prior to the census reference date. It is expressed in completed years or whole number.

Aging index is calculated as the number of persons 60 years old and over per one hundred persons under the age of 15 years.

Aging of population is a process in which the proportions of adults and elderly increase in a population, while the proportions of children and adolescents decrease. This process results in a rise in the median age of the population. Aging occurs when fertility rates decline while life expectancy remains constant or improves at the older ages.

Household is a social unit consisting of person or a group of persons who sleep in the same housing unit and have a common arrangement in the preparation and consumption of food.

Household population refers to all persons who are members of the household.

Median age is the age that divides the population into two numerically equal groups; that is, half of the population are younger than this age and the other half are older.

Overall dependency ratio is the number of persons under 15 years old (young dependents) and persons aged 65 and older (old dependents) per one hundred persons 15 to 64 years old (working-age or economically-productive group) in a population.

Population pyramid is a bar chart, arranged vertically, that shows the distribution of a population by age and sex. By convention, the younger ages are at the bottom, with males on the left and females on the right.

Sex is the biological and physiological reality of being a male or female.

Sex ratio is the number of males per one hundred females in a population.



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