

SPECIAL RELEASE

Age and Sex Distribution in the Municipality of Jaro (2020 Census and Population and Housing)

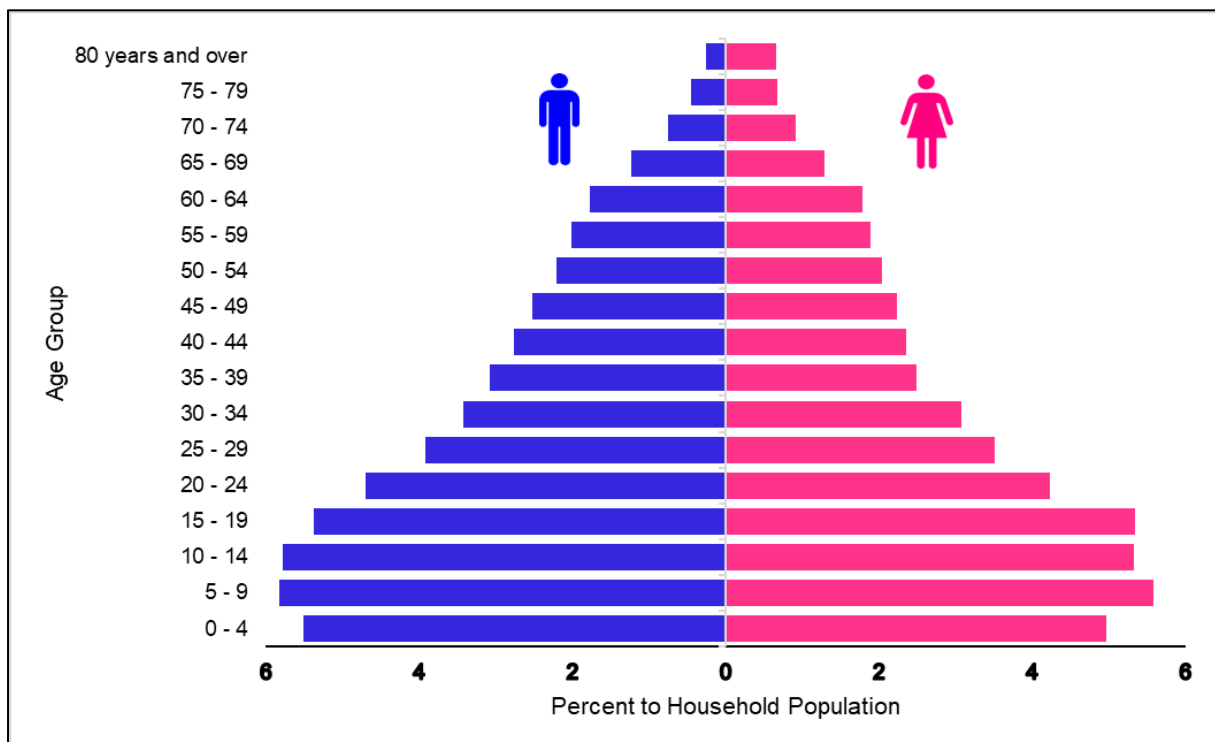
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The municipality of Jaro, Leyte had a total population of 43,758 persons based on the 2020 Census of Population and Housing (2020 CPH). The household population of 43,728 persons comprised 99.9 percent of the total population recorded as of the time of census-taking.

Of the 43,728 household population in Jaro, Leyte, 22,553 (51.6%) were males while 21,175 (48.4%) were females. By age group, 14,428 (33.0%) were under 15 years of age (young dependents). On the other hand, persons aged 15 to 64 years (working-age or economically-active population) totaled to 26,566 (60.8%) while those in age groups 65 years and over (old dependents) comprised the remaining 2,734 (6.2%). In 2015, persons aged 0 to 14 years, 15 to 64 years, and 65 years and over accounted for 35.3 percent, 59.2 percent, and 5.5 percent, respectively, of the household population.

Figure 1. Age-Sex Population Pyramid of Jaro, Leyte: 2020



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

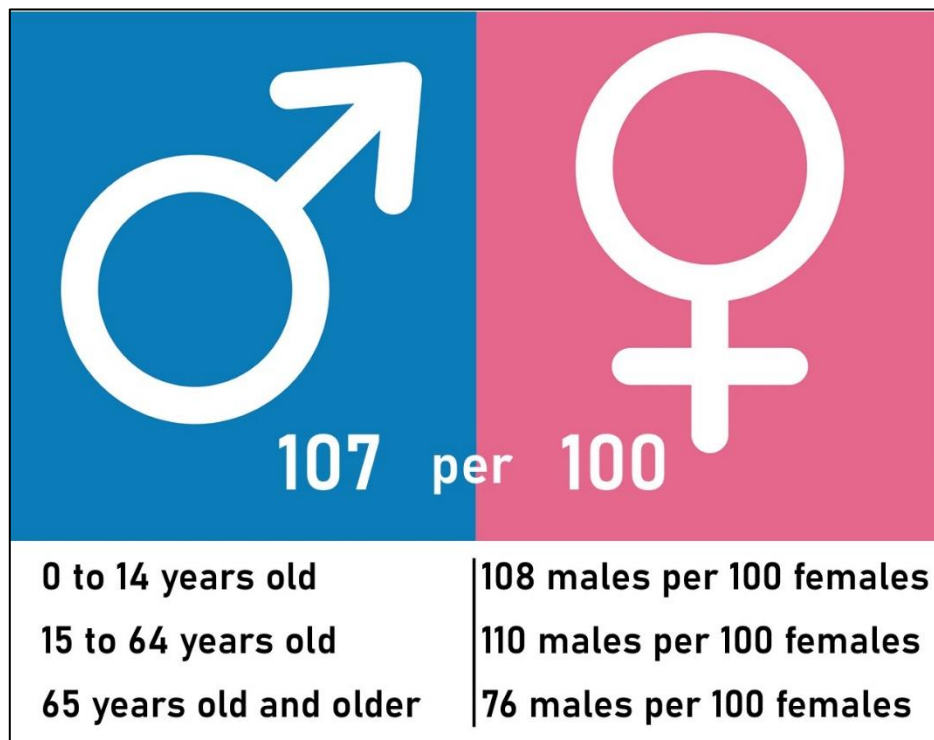
Moreover, there were more males (47.1%) than females (43.1%) among the 0 to 59 age group. However, among the older age group (60 years and over), females (5.3%) outnumbered the males (4.5%). The same trend was also observed in 2015.

Sex ratio stands at 107 males per 100 females

The sex ratio in Jaro, Leyte was computed at 107 in 2020. This means that there were 107 males for every 100 females. The sex ratio in 2015 was also computed at 107 males per 100 females.

In 2020, children aged below 15 years had a sex ratio of 108 males per 100 females. On the other hand, those aged 15 to 64 years had a sex ratio of 110 males per 100 females. Moreover, among those aged 65 years and over, the sex ratio was 76 males per 100 females. This depicts a longer life expectancy among females than males or a higher mortality rate among males than females in the older age groups.

Figure 2. Sex Ratio by Selected Age Group, Jaro Leyte: 2020



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

There were more males than females in children under five years old

The sex ratio for children under five years old in 2020 was 111 males per 100 females, higher than the 2015 ratio of 105 males per 100 females. Additionally, children under five comprised 10.5 percent (4,585 persons) of the household population in 2020, a decrease from 11.7 percent (5,065 persons) in 2015.



Table 1. Number and Percent to All Ages of Household Population and Sex by Age Group, Jaro, Leyte: 2020 and 2015

Age Group and Year	Number			Percent to All Ages			Sex Ratio
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	
2020							
All Ages	43,728	22,553	21,175	100.0	100.0	100.0	107
0 - 4	4,585	2,411	2,174	10.5	10.7	10.3	111
5 - 9	4,985	2,546	2,439	11.4	11.3	11.5	104
10 - 14	4,858	2,525	2,333	11.1	11.2	11.0	108
15 - 19	4,689	2,351	2,338	10.7	10.4	11.0	101
20 - 24	3,904	2,054	1,850	8.9	9.1	8.7	111
25 - 29	3,250	1,714	1,536	7.4	7.6	7.3	112
30 - 34	2,844	1,496	1,348	6.5	6.6	6.4	111
35 - 39	2,439	1,346	1,093	5.6	6.0	5.2	123
40 - 44	2,237	1,205	1,032	5.1	5.3	4.9	117
45 - 49	2,080	1,102	978	4.8	4.9	4.6	113
50 - 54	1,863	967	896	4.3	4.3	4.2	108
55 - 59	1,707	882	825	3.9	3.9	3.9	107
60 - 64	1,553	773	780	3.6	3.4	3.7	99
65 - 69	1,104	538	566	2.5	2.4	2.7	95
70 - 74	729	330	399	1.7	1.5	1.9	83
75 - 79	496	200	296	1.1	0.9	1.4	68
80 years and over	405	113	292	0.9	0.5	1.4	39
2015							
All Ages	43,199	22,346	20,853	100.0	100.0	100.0	107
0-4	5,065	2,599	2,466	11.7	11.6	11.8	105
5 - 9	5,061	2,638	2,423	11.7	11.8	11.6	109
10 - 14	5,131	2,645	2,486	11.9	11.8	11.9	106
15 - 19	4,769	2,516	2,253	11.0	11.3	10.8	112
20 - 24	3,889	2,061	1,828	9.0	9.2	8.8	113
25 - 29	3,043	1,621	1,422	7.0	7.3	6.8	114
30 - 34	2,585	1,412	1,173	6.0	6.3	5.6	120
35 - 39	2,324	1,259	1,065	5.4	5.6	5.1	118
40 - 44	2,216	1,182	1,034	5.1	5.3	5.0	114
45 - 49	2,009	1,019	990	4.7	4.6	4.7	103
50 - 54	1,866	961	905	4.3	4.3	4.3	106
55 - 59	1,630	825	805	3.8	3.7	3.9	102
60 - 64	1,240	638	602	2.9	2.9	2.9	106
65 - 69	933	445	488	2.2	2.0	2.3	91
70 - 74	649	268	381	1.5	1.2	1.8	70
75 - 79	409	142	267	0.9	0.6	1.3	53
80 years and over	380	115	265	0.9	0.5	1.3	43

Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population

Note: Details may not add up to total due to rounding

Median age measures at 22.8 years

The median age of Jaro, Leyte household population continues to increase during the past three censuses. In 2020, the median age was computed at 22.8 years, which means that half of the household population was younger than 22.8 years, while the other half is older than 22.8 years. This is higher than the median ages of 21.6 and 20.6 years that was posted in 2015 and 2010, respectively.

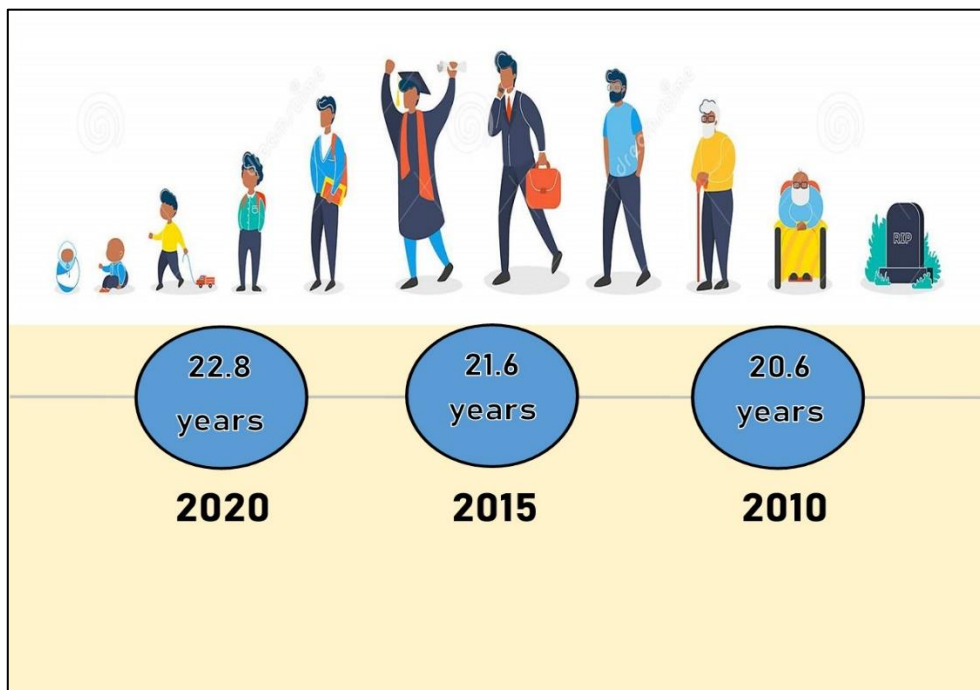


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Figure 3. Median Age, Jaro, Leyte: 2010, 2015, and 2020



Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2010 and 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population

Dependency ratio decreases to 65 dependents per 100 persons in the working-age group

The 2020 overall dependency ratio of Jaro, Leyte was computed at 65, which indicates that for every 100 working-age or economically-active population, there were about 65 dependents (54 young dependents and 10 old dependents). This is lower than the dependency ratio in 2015 at 69 dependents per 100 working-age population (60 young dependents and 9 old dependents).

Table 2. Age dependency Ratio of the Household Population by Sex, Jaro, Leyte: 2015 and 2020

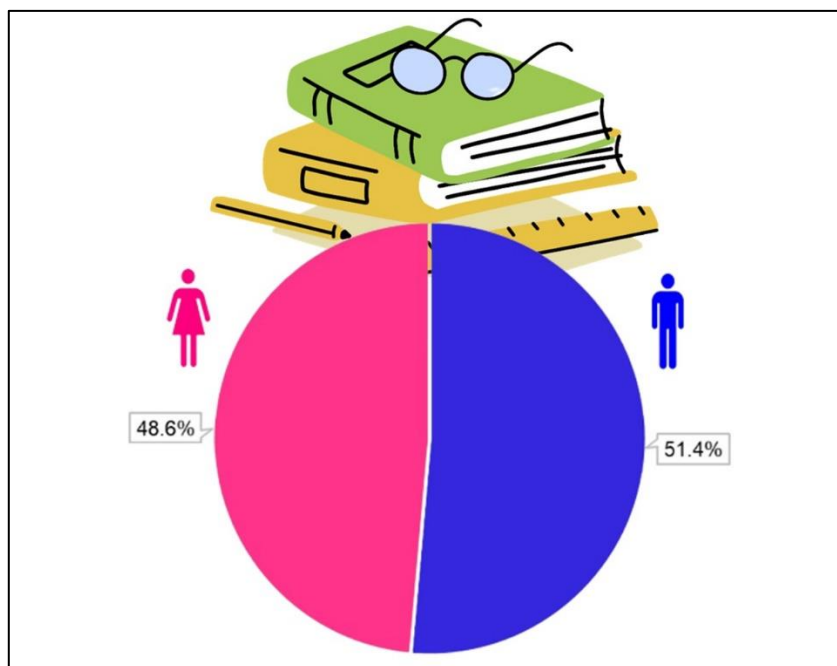
Dependency	2020			2015		
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female
Overall	65	62	67	69	65	73
Young	54	54	55	60	58	61
Old	10	8	12	9	7	12

Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population
 Note: Details may not add up to total due to rounding

Two in every five household population are of school age

In 2020, the school-age population (5 to 24 years old) accounted for 18,436 (42.2%) of the household population which is lower compared to the 18,850 (43.6%) school-age population that was reported in 2015. Moreover, there were more males (51.4%) than females (48.6%) of the school-age population in 2020.

Figure 4. Percentage Distribution of School-age Population 5 to 24 Years Old by Sex, Jaro, Leyte: 2020

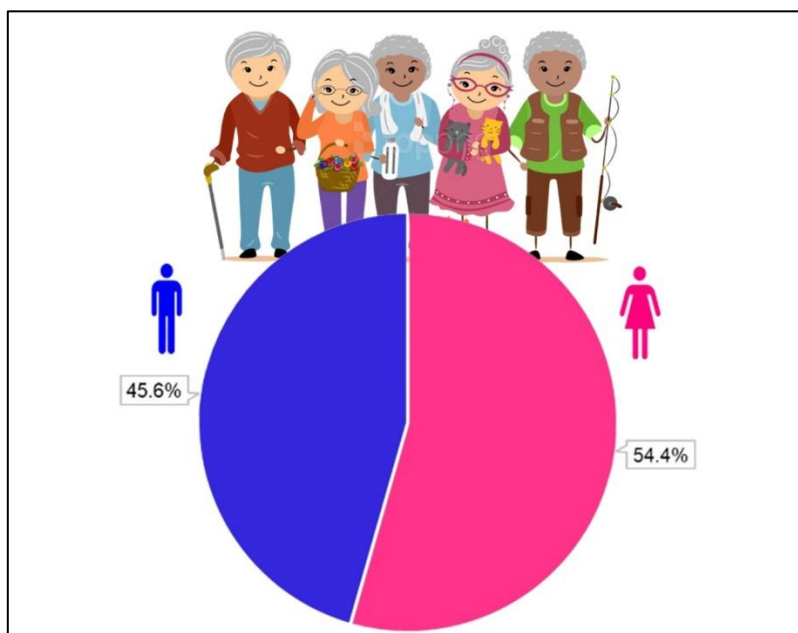


Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Senior citizens accounts for 9.8 percent of the household population

In Jaro, Leyte, people aged 60 years old and over are regarded as senior citizens, made up 9.8 percent (4,287 persons) of the household population in 2020, higher than the 8.4 percent (3,611 persons) recorded in 2015. There were more females (54.4%) than males (45.6%) among the senior citizens in 2020. The same trend was observed in 2015.

Figure 5. Percentage Distribution of Senior Citizens by Sex, Jaro, Leyte: 2020

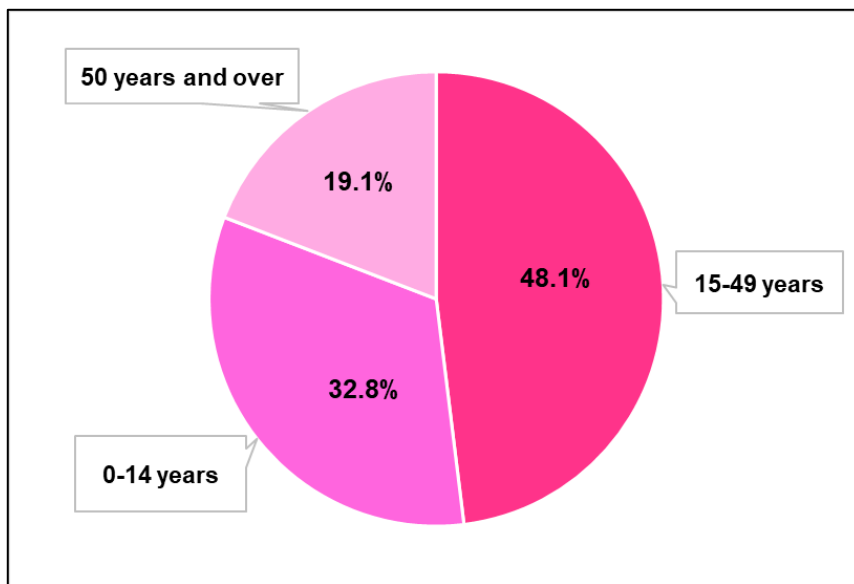


Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Nearly half of the female population are of reproductive age

Women of reproductive age (15 to 49 years old) totaled to 10,175 or 48.1 percent of the 21,175 female household population in 2020. This percentage was higher compared to the 46.8 percent or 9,765 females posted in 2015.

Figure 6. Percentage Distribution of Women by Selected Age Group, Jaro, Leyte: 2020

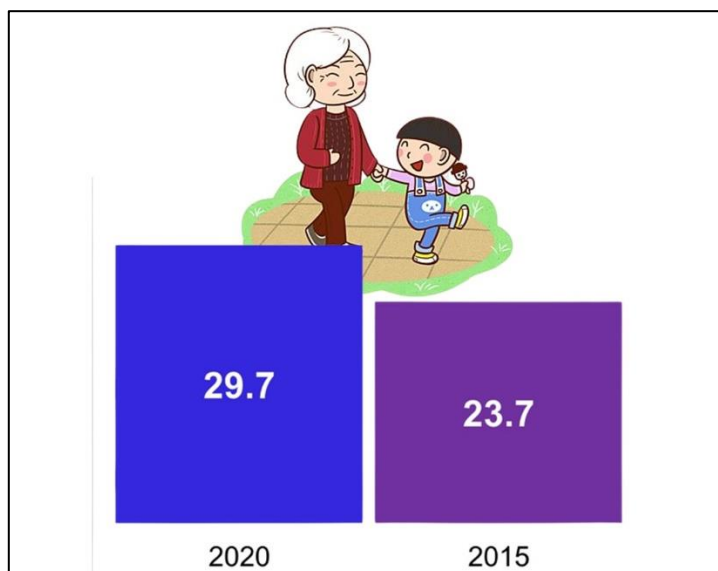


Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Aging index is higher by 6.0 percentage points from 23.7 in 2015 to 29.7 in 2020

In Jaro, Leyte, the aging index or the proportion of persons aged 60 years and over per 100 persons under the age of 15 years was computed at 29.7 percent in 2020. This means that there is about one person aged 60 years and over for every four (4) children under 15 years old. The aging index was lower in 2015 at 23.7 percent.

Figure 7. Aging Index, Jaro, Leyte: 2020 and 2015



Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population

TECHNICAL NOTES

The Philippine Statistics Authority conducted the 2020 Census of Population and Housing (2020 CPH) in September 2020, with 01 May 2020 as reference date.

The 2020 CPH was the 15th census of population and 7th census of housing that was undertaken in the Philippines since the first census in 1903. It was designed to take inventory of the total population and housing units in the country and collect information about their characteristics.

The Philippine Standard Geographic Codes as of April 2022 was used for the disaggregation of geographic levels of the 2020 CPH.

Age refers to the interval of time between the person's date of birth and his/her last birthday prior to the census reference date. It is expressed in completed years or whole number.

Aging index is calculated as the number of persons 60 years old and over per one hundred persons under the age of 15 years.

Aging of population is a process in which the proportions of adults and elderly increase in a population, while the proportions of children and adolescents decrease. This process results in a rise in the median age of the population. Aging occurs when fertility rates decline while life expectancy remains constant or improves at the older ages.

Household is a social unit consisting of person or a group of persons who sleep in the same housing unit and have a common arrangement in the preparation and consumption of food.

Household population refers to all persons who are members of the household.

Median age is the age that divides the population into two numerically equal groups; that is, half of the population are younger than this age and the other half are older.

Overall dependency ratio is the number of persons under 15 years old (young dependents) and persons aged 65 and older (old dependents) per one hundred persons 15 to 64 years old (working-age or economically-productive group) in a population.

Population pyramid is a bar chart, arranged vertically, that shows the distribution of a population by age and sex. By convention, the younger ages are at the bottom, with males on the left and females on the right.

Sex is the biological and physiological reality of being a male or female.

Sex ratio is the number of males per one hundred females in a population.



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