



SPECIAL RELEASE

Age and Sex Distribution in the Municipality of Inopacan (2020 Census and Population and Housing)

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The municipality of Inopacan, Leyte had a total population of 21,389 persons based on the 2020 Census of Population and Housing (2020 CPH). The household population of 21,375 persons comprised 99.9 percent of the total population recorded as of the time of census-taking.

Of the 21,375 household population in Inopacan, Leyte, 10,948 (51.2%) were males while 10,427 (48.8%) were females. By age group, 6,380 (29.8%) were under 15 years of age (young dependents). On the other hand, persons aged 15 to 64 years (working-age or economically-active population) totaled to 13,074 (61.2%) while those in age groups 65 years and over (old dependents) comprised the remaining 1,921 (9.0%). In 2015, persons aged 0 to 14 years, 15 to 64 years, and 65 years and over accounted for 32.7 percent, 59.0 percent, and 8.3 percent, respectively, of the household population.

80 years and over
75 - 79
70 - 74
65 - 69
60 - 64
55 - 59
50 - 54
45 - 49
40 - 44
90
35 - 39
30 - 34
25 - 29
20 - 24
15 - 19

Percent to Household Population

Figure 1. Age-Sex Population Pyramid of Inopacan, Leyte: 2020

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

6

Moreover, there were more males (45.0%) than females (41.2%) among the 0 to 59 age group. However, among the older age group (60 years and over), females (7.0%) outnumbered the males (6.2%). The same trend was also observed in 2015.

Sex ratio stands at 105 males per 100 females

The sex ratio in Inopacan, Leyte was computed at 105 in 2020. This means that there were 105 males for every 100 females. The sex ratio in 2015 was higher at 106 males per 100 females.

In 2020, children aged below 15 years had a sex ratio of 106 males per 100 females. On the other hand, those aged 15 to 64 years had a sex ratio of 108 males per 100 females. Moreover, among those aged 65 years and over, the sex ratio was 83 males per 100 females. This depicts a longer life expectancy among females than males or a higher mortality rate among males than females in the older age groups.

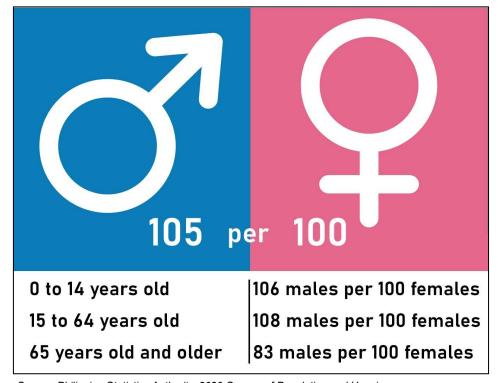


Figure 2. Sex Ratio by Selected Age Group, Inopacan Leyte: 2020

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

There were more females than males in children under five years old

The sex ratio for children under five years old in 2020 was 99 males per 100 females, lower than the 2015 ratio of 109 males per 100 females. Additionally, children under five comprised 9.6 percent (2,050 persons) of the household population in 2020, a decrease from 10.3 percent (2,111 persons) in 2015.

Table 1. Number and Percent to All Ages of Household Population and Sex by Age Group, Inopacan, Leyte: 2020 and 2015

Age Group and Year	Number			Percent to All Ages			Sex Ratio
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Sex Ratio
<u>2020</u>							
All Ages	21,375	10,948	10,427	100.0	100.0	100.0	105
0 - 4	2,050	1,021	1,029	9.6	9.3	9.9	99
5 - 9	2,090	1,085	1,005	9.8	9.9	9.6	108
10 - 14	2,240	1,178	1,062	10.5	10.8	10.2	111
15 - 19	2,059	1,072	987	9.6	9.8	9.5	109
20 - 24	1,651	910	741	7.7	8.3	7.1	123
25 - 29	1,386	690	696	6.5	6.3	6.7	99
30 - 34	1,353	681	672	6.3	6.2	6.4	101
35 - 39	1,151	609	542	5.4	5.6	5.2	112
40 - 44	1,229	633	596	5.7	5.8	5.7	106
45 - 49	1,200	639	561	5.6	5.8	5.4	114
50 - 54	1,103	554	549	5.2	5.1	5.3	101
55 - 59	1,037	547	490	4.9	5.0	4.7	112
60 - 64	905	457	448	4.2	4.2	4.3	102
65 - 69	691	351	340	3.2	3.2	3.3	103
70 - 74	519	237	282	2.4	2.2	2.7	84
75 - 79	363	147	216	1.7	1.3	2.1	68
80 years and over	348	137	211	1.6	1.3	2.0	65
2015							
All Ages	20,550	10,554	9,996	100.0	100.0	100.0	106
0-4	2,111	1,099	1,012		10.4	10.1	109
5 - 9	2,273	1,199	1,074	11.1	11.4	10.7	112
10 - 14	2,332	1,227	1,105	11.3	11.6	11.1	111
15 - 19	1,947	1,049	898	9.5	9.9	9.0	117
20 - 24	1,374	716	658	6.7	6.8	6.6	109
25 - 29	1,297	633	664	6.3	6.0	6.6	95
30 - 34	1,140	610	530	5.5	5.8	5.3	115
35 - 39	1,245	632	613	6.1	6.0	6.1	103
40 - 44	1,205	631	574	5.9	6.0	5.7	110
45 - 49	1,161	585	576	5.6	5.5	5.8	102
50 - 54	1,025	529	496	5.0	5.0	5.0	107
55 - 59	980	505	475	4.8	4.8	4.8	106
60 - 64	749	379	370	3.6	3.6	3.7	102
65 - 69	594	278	316	2.9	2.6	3.2	88
70 - 74	504	214	290	2.5	2.0	2.9	74
75 - 79	317	145	172	1.5	1.4	1.7	84
80 years and over	296	123	172	1.4	1.2	1.7	71
oo years and over	290	123	113	1.4	1.2	1.7	7 1

Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population Note: Details may not add up to total due to rounding

Median age measures at 26.7 years

The median age of Inopacan, Leyte household population continues to increase during the past three censuses. In 2020, the median age was computed at 26.7 years, which means that half of the household population was younger than 26.7 years, while the other half is older than 26.7 years. This is higher than the median ages of 25.7 and 23.5 years that was posted in 2015 and 2010, respectively.

25.7 23.5 26.7 years years years 2020 2015 2010

Figure 3. Median Age, Inopacan, Leyte: 2010, 2015, and 2020

Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2010 and 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population

Dependency ratio decreases to 63 dependents per 100 persons in the workingage group

The 2020 overall dependency ratio of Inopacan, Leyte was computed at 63, which indicates that for every 100 working-age or economically-active population, there were about 63 dependents (49 young dependents and 14 old dependents). This is lower than the dependency ratio in 2015 at 69 dependents per 100 working-age population (55 young dependents and 14 old dependents).

Table 2. Age dependency Ratio of the Household Population by Sex, Inopacan, Leyte: 2015 and 2020

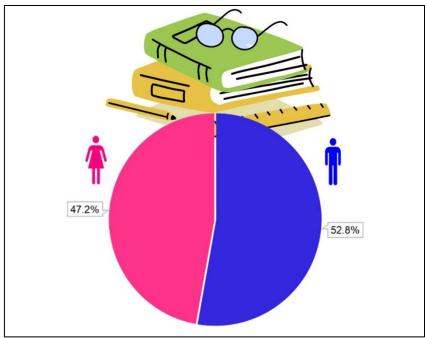
Dependency		2020		2015			
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	
Overall	63	61	66	69	68	71	
Young	49	48	49	55	56	55	
Old	14	13	17	14	12	16	

Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population

Two in every five household population are of school age

In 2020, the school-age population (5 to 24 years old) accounted for 8,040 (37.6%) of the household population which is lower compared to the 7,926 (38.6%) school-age population that was reported in 2015. Moreover, there were more males (52.8%) than females (47.2%) of the school-age population in 2020.

Figure 4. Percentage Distribution of School-age Population 5 to 24 Years Old by Sex, Inopacan, Leyte: 2020

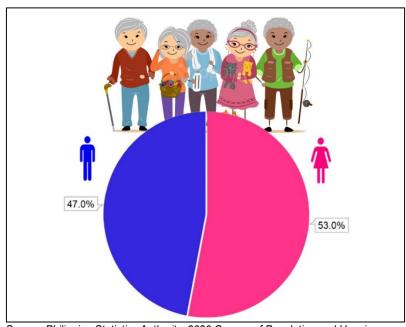


Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Senior citizens accounts for 13.2 percent of the household population

In Inopacan, Leyte, people aged 60 years old and over are regarded as senior citizens, made up 13.2 percent (2,826 persons) of the household population in 2020, higher than the 12.0 percent (2,460 persons) recorded in 2015. There were more females (53.0%) than males (47.0%) among the senior citizens in 2020. The same trend was observed in 2015.

Figure 5. Percentage Distribution of Senior Citizens by Sex, Inopacan, Leyte: 2020



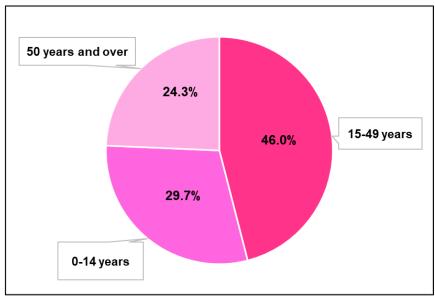
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing



Nearly half of the female population are of reproductive age

Women of reproductive age (15 to 49 years old) totaled to 4,795 or 46.0 percent of the 10,427 female household population in 2020. This percentage was higher compared to the 45.1 percent or 4,513 females posted in 2015.

Figure 6. Percentage Distribution of Women by Selected Age Group, Inopacan, Leyte: 2020

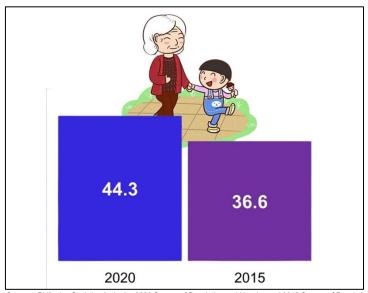


Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Aging index is higher by 7.7 percentage points from 36.6 in 2015 to 44.3 in 2020

In Inopacan, Leyte, the aging index or the proportion of persons aged 60 years and over per 100 persons under the age of 15 years was computed at 44.3 percent in 2020. This means that there are about two (2) persons aged 60 years and over for every five (5) children under 15 years old. The aging index was lower in 2015 at 36.6 percent.

Figure 7. Aging Index, Inopacan, Leyte: 2020 and 2015



Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population

TECHNICAL NOTES

The Philippine Statistics Authority conducted the 2020 Census of Population and Housing (2020 CPH) in September 2020, with 01 May 2020 as reference date.

The 2020 CPH was the 15th census of population and 7th census of housing that was undertaken in the Philippines since the first census in 1903. It was designed to take inventory of the total population and housing units in the country and collect information about their characteristics.

The Philippine Standard Geographic Codes as of April 2022 was used for the disaggregation of geographic levels of the 2020 CPH.

Age refers to the interval of time between the person's date of birth and his/her last birthday prior to the census reference date. It is expressed in completed years or whole number.

Aging index is calculated as the number of persons 60 years old and over per one hundred persons under the age of 15 years.

Aging of population is a process in which the proportions of adults and elderly increase in a population, while the proportions of children and adolescents decrease. This process results in a rise in the median age of the population. Aging occurs when fertility rates decline while life expectancy remains constant or improves at the older ages.

Household is a social unit consisting of person or a group of persons who sleep in the same housing unit and have a common arrangement in the preparation and consumption of food.

Household population refers to all persons who are members of the household.

Median age is the age that divides the population into two numerically equal groups; that is, half of the population are younger than this age and the other half are older.

Overall dependency ratio is the number of persons under 15 years old (young dependents) and persons aged 65 and older (old dependents) per one hundred persons 15 to 64 years old (working-age or economically-productive group) in a population.

Population pyramid is a bar chart, arranged vertically, that shows the distribution of a population by age and sex. By convention, the younger ages are at the bottom, with males on the left and females on the right.

Sex is the biological and physiological reality of being a male or female.

Sex ratio is the number of males per one hundred females in a population.

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