

Republic of the Philippines Philippine Statistics Authority Leyte



SPECIAL RELEASE

Age and Sex Distribution in the Municipality of Hindang (2020 Census and Population and Housing)

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The municipality of Hindang, Leyte had a total population of 20,849 persons based on the 2020 Census of Population and Housing (2020 CPH). The household population of 20,795 persons comprised 99.7 percent of the total population recorded as of the time of census-taking.

Of the 20,795 household population in Hindang, Leyte, 10,628 (51.1%) were males while 10,167 (48.9%) were females. By age group, 5,866 (28.2%) were under 15 years of age (young dependents). On the other hand, persons aged 15 to 64 years (working-age or economically-active population) totaled to 12,911 (62.1%) while those in age groups 65 years and over (old dependents) comprised the remaining 2,018 (9.7%). In 2015, persons aged 0 to 14 years, 15 to 64 years, and 65 years and over accounted for 30.4 percent, 61.0 percent, and 8.6 percent, respectively, of the household population.

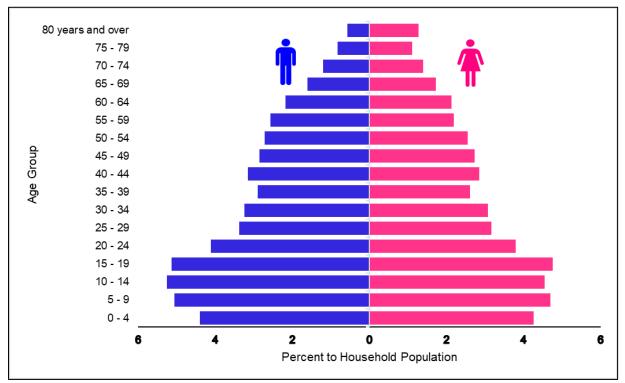


Figure 1. Age-Sex Population Pyramid of Hindang, Leyte: 2020

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing



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Moreover, there were more males (44.7%) than females (41.3%) among the 0 to 59 age group. However, among the older age group (60 years and over), females (7.6%) outnumbered the males (6.4%). The same trend was also observed in 2015.

Sex ratio stands at 105 males per 100 females

The sex ratio in Hindang, Leyte was computed at 105 in 2020. This means that there were 105 males for every 100 females. The sex ratio in 2015 was higher at 107 males per 100 females.

In 2020, children aged below 15 years had a sex ratio of 109 males per 100 females. On the other hand, those aged 15 to 64 years had a sex ratio of 108 males per 100 females. Moreover, among those aged 65 years and over, the sex ratio was 77 males per 100 females. This depicts a longer life expectancy among females than males or a higher mortality rate among males than females in the older age groups.

Image: Constraint of the systemImage: Constraint of the system0 to 14 years old109 males per 100 females15 to 64 years old109 males per 100 females65 years old and older108 males per 100 females77 males per 100 females

Figure 2. Sex Ratio by Selected Age Group, Hindang, Leyte: 2020

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

There were more males than females in children under five years old

The sex ratio for children under five years old in 2020 was 103 males per 100 females, lower than the 2015 ratio of 109 males per 100 females. Additionally, children under five comprised 8.7 percent (1,799 persons) of the household population in 2020, a decrease from 9.4 percent (1,969 persons) in 2015.



Age Group and Year	Number			Percent to All Ages			Sex Ratio
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	
2020							
All Ages	20,795	10,628	10,167	100.0	100.0	100.0	105
0 - 4	1,799	913	886		8.6	8.7	103
5 - 9	2,029	1,052	977	9.8	9.9	9.6	108
10 - 14	2,038	1,092	946	9.8	10.3	9.3	115
15 - 19	2,057	1,066	991	9.9	10.0	9.7	108
20 - 24	1,647	856	791	7.9	8.1	7.8	108
25 - 29	1,360	701	659	6.5	6.6	6.5	106
30 - 34	1,314	674	640	6.3	6.3	6.3	105
35 - 39	1,146	602	544	5.5	5.7	5.4	111
40 - 44	1,246	654	592	6.0	6.2	5.8	110
45 - 49	1,159	592	567	5.6	5.6	5.6	104
50 - 54	1,094	564	530	5.3	5.3	5.2	106
55 - 59	992	535	457	4.8	5.0	4.5	117
60 - 64	896	452	444	4.3	4.3	4.4	102
65 - 69	693	335	358	3.3	3.2	3.5	94
70 - 74	539	249	290	2.6	2.3	2.9	86
75 - 79	403	172	231	1.9	1.6	2.3	74
80 years and over	383	119	264	1.8	1.1	2.6	45
2015							
All Ages	20,924	10,810	10,114	100.0	100.0	100.0	107
0-4	1,969	1,029	940	9.4	9.5	9.3	109
5 - 9	2,161	1,154	1,007	10.3	10.7	10.0	115
10 - 14	2,229	1,168	1,061	10.7	10.8	10.5	110
15 - 19	2,111	1,118	993	10.1	10.3	9.8	113
20 - 24	1,554	812	742	7.4	7.5	7.3	109
25 - 29	1,380	700	680	6.6	6.5	6.7	103
30 - 34	1,243	675	568	5.9	6.2	5.6	119
35 - 39	1,270	654	616	6.1	6.0	6.1	106
40 - 44	1,232	641	591	5.9	5.9	5.8	108
45 - 49	1,215	647	568	5.8	6.0	5.6	114
50 - 54	1,048	580	468	5.0	5.4	4.6	124
55 - 59	924	464	460	4.4	4.3	4.5	101
60 - 64	784	377	407	3.7	3.5	4.0	93
65 - 69	630	304	326	3.0	2.8	3.2	93
70 - 74	508	233	275	2.4	2.2	2.7	85
75 - 79	348	147	201	1.7	1.4	2.0	73
80 years and over	318	107	211	1.5	1.0	2.1	51

Table 1. Number and Percent to All Ages of Household Population and Sex byAge Group, Hindang, Leyte: 2020 and 2015

Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population Note: Details may not add up to total due to rounding

Median age measures at 27.4 years

The median age of Hindang, Leyte household population continues to increase during the past three censuses. In 2020, the median age was computed at 27.4 years, which means that half of the household population was younger than 27.4 years, while the other half is older than 27.4 years. This is higher than the median ages of 26.3 and 25.0 years that was posted in 2015 and 2010, respectively.





Figure 3. Median Age, Hindang, Leyte: 2010, 2015, and 2020

Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2010 and 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population

Dependency ratio decreases to 61 dependents per 100 persons in the workingage group

The 2020 overall dependency ratio of Hindang, Leyte was computed at 61, which indicates that for every 100 working-age or economically-active population, there were about 61 dependents (45 young dependents and 16 old dependents). This is lower than the dependency ratio in 2015 at 64 dependents per 100 working-age population (50 young dependents and 14 old dependents).

Dependency		2020		2015			
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Both Sexes	Male	Female	
Overall	61	59	64	64	62	66	
Young	45	46	45	50	50	49	
Old	16	13	18	14	12	17	

Table 2. Age dependency Ratio of the Household Population by Sex,Hindang, Leyte: 2015 and 2020

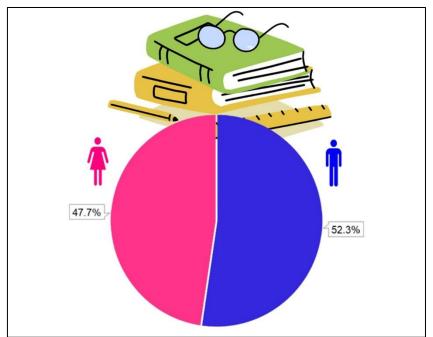
Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population Note: Details may not add up to total due to rounding

Two in every five household population are of school age

In 2020, the school-age population (5 to 24 years old) accounted for 7,771 (37.4%) of the household population which is lower compared to the 8,055 (38.5%) school-age population that was reported in 2015. Moreover, there were more males (52.3%) than females (47.7%) of the school-age population in 2020.



Figure 4. Percentage Distribution of School-age Population 5 to 24 Years Old by Sex, Hindang, Leyte: 2020



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Senior citizens accounts for 14.0 percent of the household population

In Hindang, Leyte, people aged 60 years old and over are regarded as senior citizens, made up 14.0 percent (2,914 persons) of the household population in 2020, higher than the 12.4 percent (2,588 persons) recorded in 2015. There were more females (54.5%) than males (45.5%) among the senior citizens in 2020. The same trend was observed in 2015.

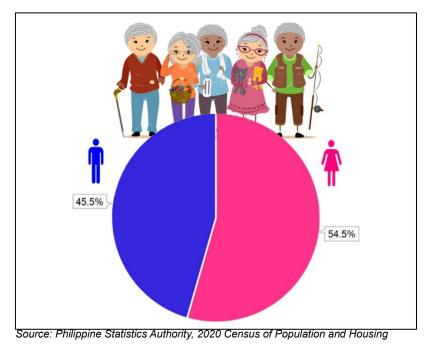


Figure 5. Percentage Distribution of Senior Citizens by Sex, Hindang, Leyte: 2020



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Nearly half of the female population are of reproductive age

Women of reproductive age (15 to 49 years old) totaled to 4,784 or 47.1 percent of the 10,167 female household population in 2020. This percentage was higher compared to the 47.0 percent or 4,758 females posted in 2015.

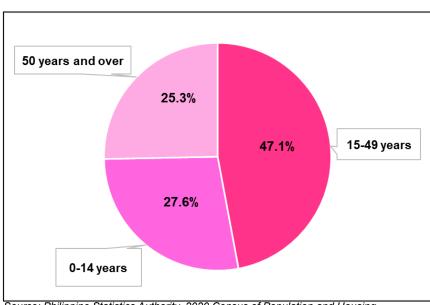


Figure 6. Percentage Distribution of Women by Selected Age Group, Hindang, Leyte: 2020

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Aging index is higher by 9.0 percentage points from 40.7 in 2015 to 49.7 in 2020

In Hindang, Leyte, the aging index or the proportion of persons aged 60 years and over per 100 persons under the age of 15 years was computed at 49.7 percent in 2020. This means that there are about two (2) persons aged 60 years and over for every four (4) children under 15 years old. The aging index was lower in 2015 at 40.7 percent.

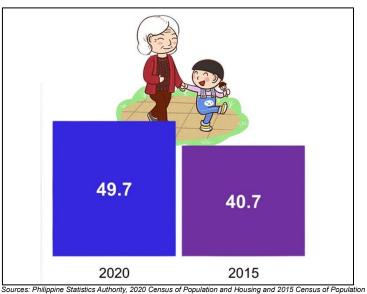


Figure 7. Aging Index, Hindang, Leyte: 2020 and 2015



TECHNICAL NOTES

The Philippine Statistics Authority conducted the 2020 Census of Population and Housing (2020 CPH) in September 2020, with 01 May 2020 as reference date.

The 2020 CPH was the 15th census of population and 7th census of housing that was undertaken in the Philippines since the first census in 1903. It was designed to take inventory of the total population and housing units in the country and collect information about their characteristics.

The Philippine Standard Geographic Codes as of April 2022 was used for the disaggregation of geographic levels of the 2020 CPH.

Age refers to the interval of time between the person's date of birth and his/her last birthday prior to the census reference date. It is expressed in completed years or whole number.

Aging index is calculated as the number of persons 60 years old and over per one hundred persons under the age of 15 years.

Aging of population is a process in which the proportions of adults and elderly increase in a population, while the proportions of children and adolescents decrease. This process results in a rise in the median age of the population. Aging occurs when fertility rates decline while life expectancy remains constant or improves at the older ages.

Household is a social unit consisting of person or a group of persons who sleep in the same housing unit and have a common arrangement in the preparation and consumption of food.

Household population refers to all persons who are members of the household.

Median age is the age that divides the population into two numerically equal groups; that is, half of the population are younger than this age and the other half are older.

Overall dependency ratio is the number of persons under 15 years old (young dependents) and persons aged 65 and older (old dependents) per one hundred persons 15 to 64 years old (working-age or economically-productive group) in a population.

Population pyramid is a bar chart, arranged vertically, that shows the distribution of a population by age and sex. By convention, the younger ages are at the bottom, with males on the left and females on the right.

Sex is the biological and physiological reality of being a male or female.

Sex ratio is the number of males per one hundred females in a population.

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