

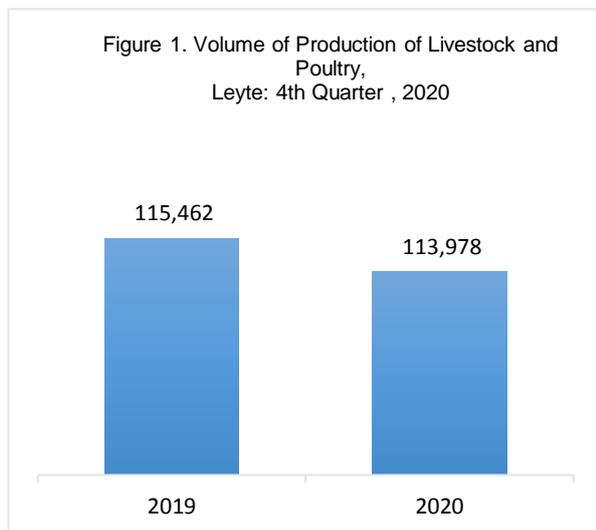
SPECIAL RELEASE

LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY SITUATIONER IN LEYTE, 4th Quarter 2020

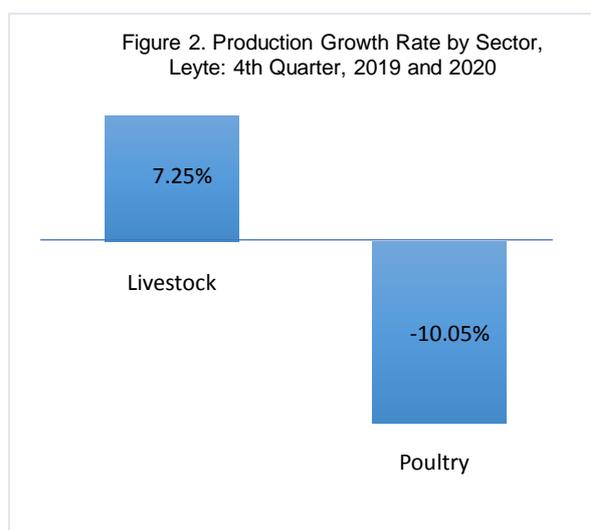
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Volume of production in Leyte drops at 1.29 percent

The total volume of production of livestock and poultry in Leyte reached 113,977.77 metric tons in the 4th quarter of 2020. This was 1.29 percent lower than the 115,461.54 metric tons recorded in the same period last year (Figure 1). Although the production of livestock increased by 7.25 percent, the 10.05 percent drop in the production of poultry was more than enough to prompt negative growth in the total volume of production during the reference quarter (Figure 2).



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

Among the locally-raised animals slaughtered and poultry products disposed in the reference quarter, only the cattle, swine, goat, and chicken egg exhibited positive growth in the production. Swine, which is the major driver in livestock sector, had the highest registered production with 9.62 percent growth in the reference quarter. This was followed by chicken egg, cattle, and goat with 2.68 percent, 2.01 percent, and 0.04 percent gains, respectively. On the other hand, the carabao had the highest decline in production with a negative growth rate of 12.37 percent (Table 1).

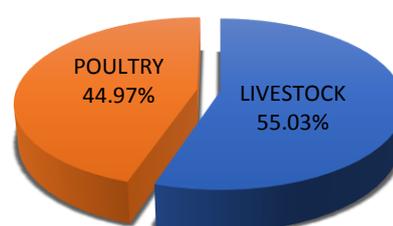
Table 1. Volume of Production of Livestock and Poultry Inventory by Animal Type, Leyte: 4th Quarter 2019 and 2020

Livestock/Poultry	Volume of Production (Metric ton)		Percent Change
	2019	2020	
TOTAL	115,461.54	113,977.77	(1.29)
Livestock	58,480.29	62,720.45	7.25
Carabao	5,699.17	4,993.94	(12.37)
Cattle	1,159.82	1,183.15	2.01
Swine	51,173.69	56,095.56	9.62
Goat	447.61	447.80	0.04
Poultry	56,981.25	51,257.32	(10.05)
Chicken	55,368.45	49,652.56	(10.32)
Chicken Egg	625.67	642.41	2.68
Duck	677.16	674.33	(0.42)
Duck Egg	309.97	288.02	(7.08)

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

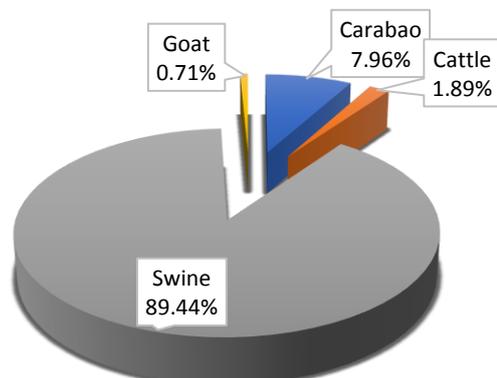
The livestock sector had the highest share in the production comprising 55.03 percent, while the poultry sector accounted for 44.97 percent of the total production of livestock and poultry (Figure 3).

Figure 3. Percent Distribution of Production by Sector, Leyte: 4th Quarter 2020



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

Figure 4. Percent Distribution of Production of Livestock by Animal Type, Leyte: 4th Quarter 2020

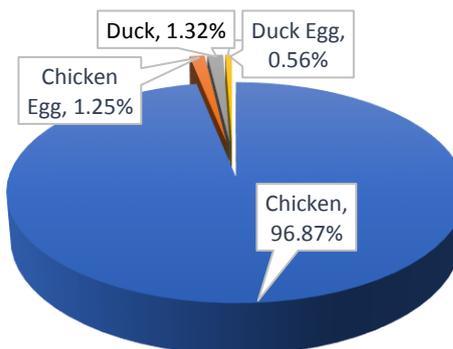


Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

Swine had the bulk of the percent distribution of total livestock production with 89.44 percent, followed by carabao, cattle and goat with 7.96 percent, 1.89 percent and 0.71 percent, respectively (Figure 4).

As shown in Figure 5, the production of the poultry sector in the province relied heavily on the chicken. Of the 51,257.32 metric tons produced by the poultry sector, 49,652.56 metric tons was generated from the chicken, which was equivalent to 96.87 percent of the poultry production. The goat, chicken egg and duck egg had minimal contribution only in the poultry production with a combined share of 3.13 percent.

Figure 5. Percent Distribution of Production of Livestock by Animal Type, Leyte: 4th Quarter 2020



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

TECHNICAL NOTES

The Livestock and Poultry Performance Report presents the performance situation in terms of inventory of swine and by type of chicken and volume of production including chicken eggs. Moreover, data for this special release were collected by the Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA) through the two (2) major surveys, namely: a) The Backyard Livestock and Poultry Survey (BLPS) which is conducted quarterly and b) The Commercial Livestock and Poultry Survey (CLPS), also conducted quarterly.

Another survey that supplements the data requirements of the Livestock and Poultry sector is the Compilation of Data Slaughterhouses and Poultry Dressing Plants (CDSPDP). This is done monthly and utilizes administrative data from Locally Registered Meat Establishments (LRMEs) in the province which is in coordination with the Provincial Veterinary Office (PVO) and Meat Inspectors (MIs).

- **Production** - Refers to the volume of indigenous (locally-raised) animals disposed for slaughter which include animals exported or shipped-out for slaughter (in “head” and in “liveweight equivalent”).
- **Livestock** – farm animals kept or raised for consumption, work or leisure. In general, poultry is separated as a distinct group of farm animals. For purposes of census and surveys, livestock covers only those that are tended and raised by an operator.
- **Poultry** - a collective term for all domesticated avian for the purpose of food consumption or, the carcass of such avian dressed/processed for human consumption.
- **Animal Inventory** (*also, Animal Population*) – the number of domesticated animals in head present in the farm at specific reference date.
- **Backyard Farm/Raiser**- refers to any farm or household raising at least one head of animal or bird and does not qualify as a commercial farm.
- **Commercial Livestock Farm/Operator** - refers to any livestock operator or farm which operation satisfies at least one of the following conditions: a) at least 21 head of adults and zero young b) at least 41 head of young animals c) at least 10 head of adults and 22 head of young animals.
- **Commercial Poultry Farm/Operator**- refers to any poultry operator or farm which operation satisfies at least one of the following conditions: a) 500 layers or 1,000 broilers b) 100 layers and 100 broilers if raised in combination c) 100 head of duck regardless of age.


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