



SPECIAL RELEASE

SWINE SITUATION REPORT FIRST QUARTER 2021 (Preliminary Data)

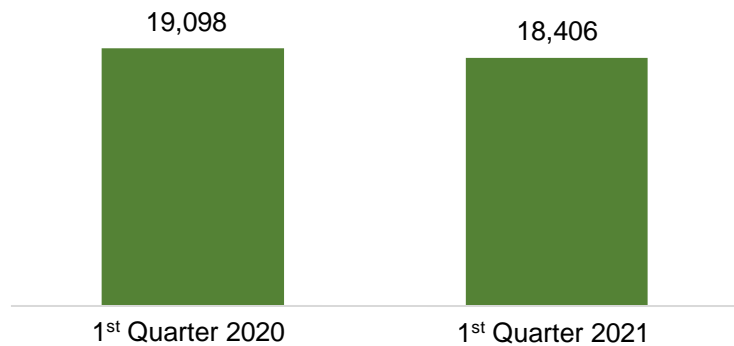
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SWINE PRODUCTION IN EASTERN VISAYAS DROPS BY 3.6 PERCENT IN THE FIRST QUARTER OF 2021

The swine production in Eastern Visayas decreased by 3.6 percent from 19,098 Metric Tons (MT) in the first quarter of 2020 to 18,406 MT in the same quarter of 2021.

Eastern Visayas ranked seventh (Table 1) among the regions with low swine production in the country. It accounted for 4.4 percent of the country's total swine production.

Figure 1. Volume of Swine Production in Region VIII: 1st Quarter 2020 and 1st Quarter 2021^P (in Metric Tons)

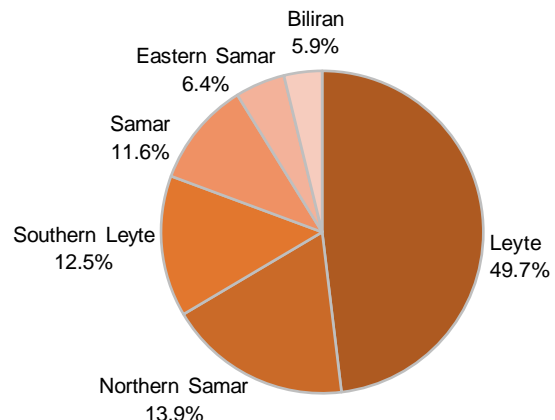


Note: p-Preliminary Data
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

LEYTE CONTRIBUTES ALMOST HALF OF THE TOTAL SWINE POPULATION IN THE REGION

Leyte recorded the highest swine population with 111,071 heads, which accounted for 49.7 percent of the total swine population in the region as of 01 April 2021. Northern Samar ranked second with 31,016 heads, accounting for 13.9 percent of the region's total swine inventory. Southern Leyte followed with a swine inventory of 27,992 heads, comprising 12.5 percent of the region's swine population. Samar's inventory of swine registered at 25,883 heads as

Figure 2. Percent Distribution of Swine Inventory by Province, Region VIII: As of 01 April 2021^P



Note: p- Preliminary Data
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

of 01 April 2021. It shared 11.6 percent of the total swine population of the region. While Eastern Samar contributed 6.4 percent or 14,246 heads to the total swine population of the region as of 01 April 2021. Meanwhile, Biliran shared the lowest inventory of swine with 5.9 percent accounting to 13,296 heads.

SWINE POPULATION SHRINKS BY 16.0 PERCENT AS OF 01 APRIL 2021

The swine population in Eastern Visayas as of 01 April 2021 stood at 223,504 heads. This figure was lower by 16.0 percent compared with the 266,082 heads as of 01 April 2020. All provinces contributed to the decrease in the region's swine population except for Eastern Samar and Southern Leyte, which posted an increase of 25.1 percent and 9.4 percent, respectively.

NINE IN EVERY TEN HEADS OF SWINE IN THE REGION ORIGINATES IN BACKYARD FARMS

Approximately, nine in every ten heads of swine in the region was raised in backyard farms as of 01 April 2021. Swine population raised in backyard farms posted a decrease by 17.3 percent, from 250,995 heads as of 01 April 2020 to 207,682 heads as of 01 April 2021 (Table 2). Northern Samar's swine population raised in backyard farms exhibited the biggest decrease of 39.5 percent, from 41,545 heads as of 01 April 2020 to 25,138 heads as of 01 April 2021. Samar, Leyte and Biliran also decreased by 30.6 percent, 16.5 percent, and 1.6 percent, respectively. On the other hand, Eastern Samar recorded the highest increase of 26.7 percent, from 10,983 heads of swine population raised in backyard farms as of 01 April 2021 to 13,915 heads on 01 April 2021. Likewise, Southern Leyte slightly increased by 8.4 percent from 23,348 heads on 01 April 2020 to 25,308 heads on 01 April 2021.

SWINE POPULATION RAISED IN COMMERCIAL FARMS INCREASES BY 4.9 PERCENT

Swine population raised in commercial farms increased by 4.9 percent from 15,087 heads as of 01 April 2020 to 15,822 heads in the same period in 2021 (Table 2). Northern Samar registered substantial increase in population of swine raised in commercial farms by 29.7 percent from 4,532 heads on 01 April 2020 to 5,878 heads on 01 April 2021. Southern Leyte also made a hefty increment in swine inventory by 19.6 percent, from 2,244 heads on 01 April 2020 to 2,684 heads in 01 April 2021. These large increment however, were pulled by the downturn of inventory in other provinces. Eastern Samar registered the biggest decline in population of swine raised in commercial farms by 18.3 percent from 405 heads on 01 April 2020 to 331 heads on 01 April 2021. Leyte followed with 16.5 percent decrease from 4,050 heads on 01 April 2020 to 3,381 heads in the same period in 2021. Biliran and Samar came next which registered decreases of 14.2 percent and 5.0 percent, respectively.

AVERAGE FARMGATE PRICES OF HOGS UPGRADED FOR SLAUGHTER INCREASES WHILE BREEDING POST DECREASES DURING THE 1ST QUARTER OF 2021

During the first quarter of 2021, the average farmgate price of hogs upgraded for slaughter was posted at PhP 128.19 per kilogram, liveweight (Table 3). This was 7.0 percent higher than its price in the same quarter in 2020 which was recorded at PhP 119.85 per kilogram. On the other hand, the average liveweight farmgate price of hogs upgraded for breeding decreased by 3.4 percent during the 1st quarter of 2021 (Table 4), which was noted at PhP 205.17 per kilogram.

The highest average farmgate prices for hogs upgraded for slaughter and hogs upgraded for breeding were recorded in March, at PhP 130.67 and PhP 211.05 per kilogram, liveweight, respectively.

Table 1: Volume of Swine Production by Region, Philippines: 1st Quarter 2020 and 1st Quarter 2021^P

Region	Volume of Production (in Metric Tons)		Percent Change (%)
	1 st Quarter 2020	1 st Quarter 2021	2021/2020
PHILIPPINES	568,673	421,794	-25.8
CAR	6,106	5,364	-12.1
Ilocos Region	25,702	15,252	-40.7
Cagayan Valley	17,490	13,826	-20.9
Central Luzon	112,575	27,194	-75.8
CALABARZON	87,711	44,193	-49.6
MIMAROPA Region	15,899	21,628	36.0
Bicol Region	33,675	30,028	-10.8
Western Visayas	48,130	48,931	1.7
Central Visayas	49,905	53,660	7.5
Eastern Visayas	19,098	18,406	-3.6
Zamboanga Peninsula	18,921	18,337	-3.1
Northern Mindanao	51,065	50,830	-0.5
Davao Region	39,199	32,735	-16.5
SOCCKSARGEN	30,493	29,420	-3.5
Caraga	9,360	8,558	-8.6
ARMM	3,343	3,432	2.7

Note p-Preliminary Data
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

Table 2. Inventory of Swine by Farm Type and Province,
Region VIII: As of 01 April 2020 and as of 01 April 2021^P
(in number of heads)

Farm Type/Region/Province	As of 01 April		Percent Change (%)
	2020	2021 ^P	2021/2020
TOTAL			
EASTERN VISAYAS	266,082	223,504	-16.0
Biliran	13,675	13,296	-2.8
Eastern Samar	11,388	14,246	25.1
Leyte	133,030	111,071	-16.5
Northern Samar	46,077	31,016	-32.7
Samar	36,320	25,883	-28.7
Southern Leyte	25,592	27,992	9.4
Backyard			
EASTERN VISAYAS	250,995	207,682	-17.3
Biliran	12,419	12,218	-1.6
Eastern Samar	10,983	13,915	26.7
Leyte	128,980	107,690	-16.5
Northern Samar	41,545	25,138	-39.5
Samar	33,720	23,413	-30.6
Southern Leyte	23,348	25,308	8.4
Commercial			
EASTERN VISAYAS	15,087	15,822	4.9
Biliran	1,256	1,078	-14.2
Eastern Samar	405	331	-18.3
Leyte	4,050	3,381	-16.5
Northern Samar	4,532	5,878	29.7
Samar	2,600	2,470	-5.0
Southern Leyte	2,244	2,684	19.6

p-Preliminary Results
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

Table 3. Monthly Average Farmgate Price of Hogs Upgraded for Slaughter
Region VIII: 1st Quarter 2020 and 1st Quarter 2021

Month	Average Farmgate Price (PhP per kilogram, liveweight)		Percent Change (%)
	1 st Quarter 2020	1 st Quarter 2021	2021/2020
Average	119.85	128.19	7.0
January	119.22	125.63	5.4
February	119.39	128.28	7.4
March	120.93	130.67	8.1

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

Table 4. Monthly Average Farmgate Price of Hogs Upgraded for Breeding
Region VIII: 1st Quarter 2020 and 1st Quarter 2021

Month	Average Farmgate Price (PhP per kilogram, liveweight)		Percent Change (%)
	1 st Quarter 2020	1 st Quarter 2021	2021/2020
Average	212.36	205.17	-3.4
January	249.09	196.29	-21.2
February	237.89	208.17	-12.5
March	150.09	211.05	40.6

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

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