

**TABLE 2. Inventory of Swine by Farm Type and Province,  
Region VIII: As of 1 July 2019 and 2018**

Farm Type/Region/Province	As of July 1		Percent Change 2019/2018
	2019	2018	
<b>TOTAL</b>			
<b>EASTERN VISAYAS</b>	301,960	321,346	(6.0)
<b>Biliran</b>	12,780	12,109	5.5
<b>Eastern Samar</b>	18,503	20,304	(8.9)
<b>Leyte</b>	154,140	168,381	(8.5)
<b>Northern Samar</b>	46,019	46,594	(1.2)
<b>Samar</b>	43,120	44,560	(3.2)
<b>Southern Leyte</b>	27,398	29,398	(6.8)
<b>Backyard</b>			
<b>EASTERN VISAYAS</b>	287,903	309,710	(7.0)
<b>Biliran</b>	11,962	11,590	3.2
<b>Eastern Samar</b>	18,013	19,806	(9.1)
<b>Leyte</b>	150,152	164,301	(8.6)
<b>Northern Samar</b>	40,817	42,167	(3.2)
<b>Samar</b>	41,165	43,630	(5.6)
<b>Southern Leyte</b>	25,794	28,216	(8.6)
<b>Commercial</b>			
<b>EASTERN VISAYAS</b>	14,057	11,636	20.8
<b>Biliran</b>	818	519	57.6
<b>Eastern Samar</b>	490	498	(1.6)
<b>Leyte</b>	3,988	4,080	(2.3)
<b>Northern Samar</b>	5,202	4,427	17.5
<b>Samar</b>	1,955	930	110.2
<b>Southern Leyte</b>	1,604	1,182	35.7

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority



REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES  
PHILIPPINE STATISTICS AUTHORITY  
REGION VIII-EASTERN VISAYAS

# Fact Sheet

An information sheet that showcases relevant data/indicators in Eastern Visayas

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## SWINE SITUATIONER (2nd Quarter)



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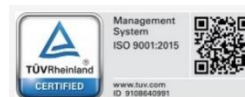
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## SWINE PRODUCTION IN EASTERN VISAYAS INCREASES BY 2.2 PERCENT

The swine production in Eastern Visayas increased by 2.2 percent from 18,316 Metric Tons (MT) in the 2nd quarter of 2018 to 18,724 MT in the same quarter of 2019.

Eastern Visayas ranked fifth among the regions with low swine production in the country. It accounted for 3.2 percent only of the country's total swine production.

**TABLE 1: Volume of Swine Production by Region:  
2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter, 2019 and 2018**

REGION	VOLUME OF PRODUCTION (in metric tons)		PERCENT CHANGE 2019/2018
	2nd Quarter 2019	2nd Quarter 2018	
PHILIPPINES	580,110	557,273	4.1
CAR	6,252	5,941	5.2
Ilocos Region	26,014	25,607	1.6
Cagayan Valley	17,655	17,102	3.2
Central Luzon	106,003	101,748	4.2
CALABARZON	103,434	97,579	6.0
MIMAROPA Region	23,728	24,828	(4.4)
Bicol Region	32,652	31,589	3.4
Western Visayas	48,818	44,920	8.7
Central Visayas	47,416	47,367	0.1
<b>Eastern Visayas</b>	<b>18,724</b>	<b>18,316</b>	<b>2.2</b>
Zamboanga Peninsula	22,605	20,668	9.4
Northern Mindanao	48,730	47,800	1.9
Davao Region	37,699	35,846	5.2
SOCCSKSARGEN	28,546	26,020	9.7
Caraga	9,485	9,756	(2.8)
ARMM	2,349	2,186	7.5

Source: Philippines Statistics Authority

## SWINE POPULATION DECLINES BY 6.0 PERCENT

The swine population in Eastern Visayas as of 1 July 2019 stood at 301,960 heads. This figure was lower by 6.0 percent compared with the 321,346 heads as of 1 July 2018.

All provinces contributed to the decrease in the region's swine population except for Biliran, which posted an increase of 5.5 percent.

Among provinces, Leyte recorded the highest swine population at 154,140 heads, which accounted for 52.4 percent of the total swine population in the region. Northern Samar ranked second with 46,594 heads accounting for 14.5 percent of the region's total swine inventory. Biliran, meanwhile, registered the lowest inventory of swine with 3.8 percent share or 12,109 heads.

By farm type, swine population raised in commercial farms posted the highest increase by 20.8 percent, from 11,636 heads as of 1 July 2018 to 14,057 heads as of 1 July 2019. Samar's commercial swine population more than doubled, from 903 heads as of 1 July 2018 to 1,955 heads as of 1 July 2019. Biliran, Southern Leyte and Northern Samar also increased by 57.6 percent 35.7 percent and 17.5 percent, respectively. Eastern Samar's commercial swine population downsized by 1.6 percent from 498 heads as of 1 July 2018 to 490 heads as of 1 July 2019.

On the contrary, swine population raised in backyard farms went down by 7.0 percent, from 309,710 heads as of 1 July 2018 to 287,903 heads as of 1 July 2019. All provinces registered decreases except Biliran, which posted an increase of 3.2 percent. Eastern Samar recorded the highest decrease by 9.1 percent, from 19,806 heads as of 1 July 2018 to 18,013 heads as of 1 July 2019.

Majority (95.3 percent) of the swine population were raised in backyard farms while only 4.7 percent of the swine were reared in commercial farms.